Newport Mercury.

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Newport Mercury,

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W^M. & J. H. BARBER,

No. 133, Thames-Street.

AT TWO DOLLARS per Annum, One Dollar in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements not exceeding a square, inserted three weeks for One Dollar, and seventeen cents for each subsequent insertion.

All Advertisements, (except where an account is open) must be paid for previous to insertion.

NAVIGATORS,

Wm & J. H. BARBER,

Have just received, a few more Copies of

DABOLL's PRACTICAL NAVIGATOR :—Being a concise, easy and comprehensive System of Navigation ; calculated for the daily use of Seamen, and also for an Assistant to the Teacher.—By Nathan Daboll.—Price $ 2.

ALSO,

Writing and Letter Paper, of various qualities, by the Ream or quire ; Drawing Paper, various sizes ; Middleton's fine Lead Pencils ; Walkden's Ink-powder ; Inkstands : Quills ; Sealing Wax ; Wafers, &c. &c.

Almanacks,

For 1822.

For Sale as above.

BIBLES.

An assortment of Carey's Quarto BIBLES, with Plates, Maps, &c. from $3 to $10 each, for Sale as above.

Newport, Dec. 8.

BLANKS,

For Sale at this Office,

DEEDS—Warrantee and Quit-claim
WRITS—Indorsee vs. drawer of a note
County Court Writs
do. do. Executions
Justices, Note and Book
Justices Executions
Subpœnas
Warrants, for collecting Militia Fines
Indentures for Apprentices
Probate—Administrators' Bonds
Executors Do.
Guardians' Do.
Letters of Administration
Do. of Appraisement
Commercial—Bills of Lading
Bills of Exchange
Portage Bills
Powers of Attorney
Enrolment Bills of Sale
Register Bills of Sale
Foreign Manifests
Coasters' Manifests

May 10.

STOVES,

A FEW nine-plate Philadelphia STOVES, just received and for sale by

J. G. S. WHITEHORNE,

Newport, Dec. 1.

To be LET, or Leased,

From the 25th of 3d month next,

THE Lot of LAND adjoining the Warner estate, fronting on Thames Street, and extending from thence to the Cove, on which the Store now stands occupied by *Wm Spooner.*

Also, To Let,

The Dwelling-House next north of said Lot, with a Shop and Garden annexed.—For terms, &c. enquire of

JOSEPH J. ROBINSON,

Washington-Street.

Newport, 10th of 1st month.

ANOTHER CHEAP LOT !

ROBERT P. LEE,

114

THAMES-STREET.

Has just received from Auctions

ANOTHER Fresh Supply of Seasonable DRY GOODS, which are off at very reduced prices.

Newport, Dec. 8.

Bank of Rhode-Island

AT the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders, held pursuant to Charter, on Monday, the 7th instant, the following persons were unanimously re-elected Directors for the year ensuing, viz :—

Audley Clarke, William Ellery, Robert Robinson, John G. Whitehorne, S. Fowler Gardner, James Hammond, and *Andrew V. Allen.*

And at a Meeting of the Directors held subsequently on the same day, Audley Clarke, Esq. was re-elected President.

W. MARCHANT, *Cashier.*

Newport, Jan. 12, 1822.

New-England Commercial Bank

AT the Stockholders Annual Meeting on the 1st inst. the following gentlemen were re-elected, viz :—

William Ennis, David King, James B. Phillips, Robinson Potter, George Hall, Stephen Bowen, James Stevens, Samuel Allen, Benjamin H. Tisdale.

On the same day, the above Board re-appointed William Ennis, Esq. President for the ensuing year, and

W. T. DELLINGHAM, *Cashier.*

Newport, Jan. 5.

Narragansett Bank.

THE Stockholders of the Narraganset Bank are hereby notified, that a Dividend will be declared and paid on Monday, the 21st instant, and on every succeeding day, during Bank hours, until completed, to such persons as the Books of this Institution will shew to be Stockholders on the 18th instant

By order of the President & Directors,

SAMUEL E. GARDINER, *Cashier.*

Wickford January 9. 1822.

FOR SALE,

THE FARM known by the name of *Leffingwell Farm*, lying one mile west from the wharf Bridge in Chelsea, on the road to New-London, containing about 140 Acres, with a House, Barn, and Buildings convenient for the same

ALSO,

The FARM, called the *Hazen Farm* adjoining Shetucket River, about two miles east of the Court-House in Norwich, containing about Three Hundred and Fifty Acres, with a House, Barn and other buildings appertaining to the same

Possession of the above Property may be had the 1st April next, and payments made accommodating to the purchaser —For terms, apply to

DANIEL LATHROP, or
GEORGE L PERKINS.

Norwich Jan 5. 1822.

Washington, sc — *Clerk's Office, Court of Common Pleas, Jan. 8 A D 1822*

THE Creditors of David Palmer, of Hopkinton, in the County of Washington, labourer, an Insolvent Debtor, are hereby notified to appear if they shall see fit, on the second day of the Term of the Court of Common Pleas, to be holden at South-Kingstown, in the county of Washington, on the first Monday of February 1822, to nominate Assignees or Commissioners to receive an Assignment of his estate, according to the Act of June, A. D. 1820 entitled, " An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors "

SAMUEL HELME *Clerk*

☞ SUCH as hold Stock in the Ocean Insurance Company, may receive their Dividend, by calling at No. 4, Lyon's Wharf.

By order of the Directors,

H. [illegible], *Sec'ry.*

FLOUR & CORN.

160 Barrels Superfine Alexandria FLOUR,
500 Bushels Southern CORN,
800 do. Northern Ditto.

For Sale, by

CHRIS. FOWLER.

Newport, Jan. 5.

S. H. CAHOONE,

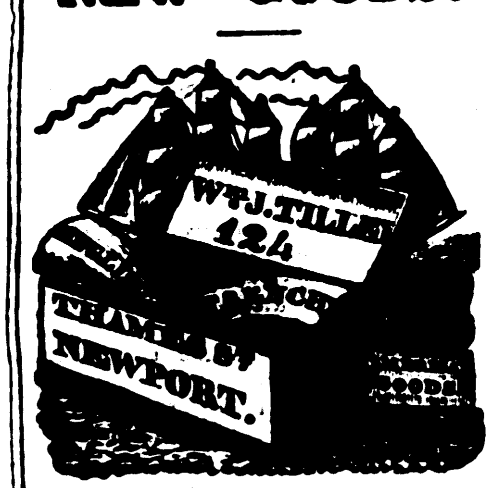
At his Old Stand, opposite the Merchants Bank.

Has just received,

ELEVEN Packages of English, French and India GOODS, which he offers for Sale as *Cheap* as can be purchased in Town.—Among which are, an extensive assortment of Broadcloths, Plains, Queen Caroline Plaids, &c. &c.

Newport, Nov. 3.

NEW GOODS.



& No. 1, Custom-House Court,

Has just Opened,

A COMPLETE Assortment of Broadcloths, from 5s3 to $8 per yard.—Cassimeres from 4s6 to 18s. per yard.—Plains and Kerseys, of all prices.—3000 yards blue Calicoes, cheap and good ; and 20,000 Quills, of the first quality.

Wm. J. Tilley will give 1-2 per cent more for Gold Coin, than any other person.

Newport, Dec. 29. tf.

TO BE LEASED,

For One or more Years,

And Possession given the 1st of April next,

ONE of the most pleasant and commodious Dwelling-Houses in Newport, without furniture, situated in Broad-Street, about 250 yards from the State House.—The House is two-stories and well finished, with four Rooms on a floor ; a large and excellent Garden, full of Fruit Trees and Shrubs ; together with or without, 28 Acres of Land adjoining, as good as any on the Island, well fenced, and watered through the driest Season ;—A good Barn, Corn Crib, Carriage-house, and other suitable Buildings —Any Persons wishing to retire to a genteel and healthy Mansion will seldom have so good an opportunity to accommodate themselves, as is here presented.—For terms, apply to

JOHN P. MANN.

Newport, Oct. 27.

FOR SALE, or TO LET,

THE FARM of the Subscriber, on the Island of Jamestown.—Enquire of Col Randolph, in Newport, or to

D. LYMAN.

Nov. 1, 1821.

TO LET,

THE FARM on Sechawest Neck, on Rhode-Island and now occupied by *Oliver Brightman.*—For terms, apply to Daniel Lyman, North-Providence, or to RICHARD K. RANDOLPH

Newport, Dec. 8

FOR SALE,

THAT pleasantly situated Dwelling-House, No 49 in Broad-Street, near the head of the Town.—Said House is in good order, nearly new, and has a large Garden attached to it—For further particulars apply to

ABNER HATHAWAY.

Newport, Jan. 5, 1822.

Meteorological Diary for December, 1821.

Dec.	Thermometer 8 a. m.	2 p. m.	10 p. m.	Winds	Weather.
1	28	33	27	NNE N NNE	Cloudy flying clouds clear m. wd
2	37	46	50	NE SE SE	Cloudy rain 0 35 brisk winds
3	42	47	37	NW	Clear flying clouds brisk winds
4	43	47	39	NNW NW NNW	Clear clear clear light winds
5	41	43	37	WNW WSW NW	Cloudy rain 0 25 mod. winds
6	35	37	32	WNW	Clear clear clear brisk winds
7	32	37	34	WNW W WbyS	Clear clear clear halo bk winds
8	38	42	38	SW SSE N	Cloudy rain 0.12 drizzly mod. wd.
9	37	44	36	NW	Clear clear clear mod. winds
10	32	39	38	NbyE NE E	Flying clouds cloudy bk. winds
11	38	47	32	NE E WNW	Rain 0 25 drizzly clear md. winds
12	30	35	28	NbyE	Clear flying clouds clear md. wds
13	34	36	49	NE ENE SE	Cloudy snow ¼ inch rain 0.15 sg.w
14	32	33	23	W	Clear clear clear brisk winds
15	20	26	19	W W WNW	Clear clear clear mod winds
16	19	29	27	WNW W WbyS	Clear clear clear brisk winds
17	33	39	39	SSW	Clear clear clear brisk winds
18	38	40	34	WNW	Foggy and rain 0.7 clear md. wd
19	29	35	28	W W WNW	Clear clear cloudy light winds
20	31	38	39	WNW W SSW	Cloudy cloudy drizzly light winds
21	44	47	43	SE S SW	Drizzly moderate rain light winds
22	39	38	31	NE N N	Mod rain 0.51 drizzly brisk wind
22	26	37	20	NNW	Light clouds clear moder winds
24	28	34	27	NW SW Calm	Clear flying clouds calm
25	29	32	30	N N NNW	Flight of snow cloudy light winds
26	21	26	18	WNW	Clear clear clear brisk winds
27	25	34	29	WbyS WSW NW	Clear clear clear brisk winds
28	32	43	38	SW SW NW	Clear clear clear brisk winds
29	21	20	10	NbyW	Clear clear clear brisk winds
30	13	24	27	N NE NE	Clear cloudy snow 1 inch bk wds
31	28	32	22	N	Clear clear clear moderate winds

Mean temperature of the month 33° 26 | Greatest variation in one day, 17.
Mean heat of the warmest day 44° 2-3 | Least, 3 —Rain, 2 70 ; Snow 1½ inch.
Mean cold of the coldest day 17° | reduced 0.20 ; 2 90 inches of water.

Mean temperature of the Year deduced from 1095 observations. 50° 13

Rain 30 49—Snow 39½ inch. reduc 5 79.—Quantity of water in the Year, 36.28 inches

Remarks.—The general temperature of this month of December, must be noted as of a mild character.—The first twenty-five days gave the high average of 35° 8, which, by the temperature 25° 61 of the six last days, was reduced to 33° 26 ; and in the course of the 31 days we had only 1 1-2 inch of snow, and one occurrence of violent wind accompanied by rain from the SE, but of short duration

The mean temperature of the year is 0 79 below the general average of heat for the last five years.—The quantity of Snow is 2 inches more than the average of the last three years ; and that of Rain exceeds by 1 37 inch the average of Rain for the same term ; yet the aggregate of water for the year is only 0 33 of an inch more than the average of water for the three years, which small difference must be assigned to a considerable mixture of hail which fell with the Snow in 1819, and which consequently when reduced yielded more water.

A tolerably correct idea of the mean heat of our climate on Rhode-Island, is now given to the public.—The result of 5,478 observations taken with great care from a good instrument in a proper exposure, is 50° 92.

State of Rhode-Island, &c.

In General Assembly, January Session, A. D. 1822.

AN ACT,

To adjourn the January Term of the Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions of the Peace for the County of Kent :

Section 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly, and by the authority thereof it is enacted* That the Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions of the Peace, which by law is to be holden at East Greenwich, within and for the County of Kent, on the third Monday of January instant, shall be, and the same is hereby adjourned to the third Monday of February next.

Section 2. *And be it further enacted,* That all business now standing continued from the Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions of the Peace holden for said county of Kent, on the third Monday of August last, shall and may be proceeded in and finished by the Court to be holden by adjournment according to this act

Section 3. *And be it further enacted* That all writs, returns, recognizances, executions, summonses and other processes and proceeding already issued or which hereafter may be issued prior to the time to which said Court by this act is adjourned, shall be returnable, and shall be returned to the term of said Court, to be holden on the third Monday of February next, according to this act : *Provided, however,* That this act shall not be construed to authorize the issuing of any original writ of arrest or summons in any civil action returnable to said Court, to be holden by adjournment as aforesaid ; and all writs, declarations and pleading in civil actions already commenced for said January term of said Court shall be filed in the same manner and at the same time or times as if this act had not been passed.

Section 4. *And be it further enacted.* That the Secretary cause this act to be published forthwith in the newspapers printed in the towns of Providence and Newport, for the term of three weeks

A true copy : Witness.

HENRY BOWEN. *Secretary*

WANTED,

AN Apprentice to the Blacksmithing Business from 16 to 18 years of age.—Apply to

JAMES SHAW.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

H. SESSIONS,

HAS just received a large Assortment of GOODS, suitable for the season, which, in addition to his former stock, makes his assortment very extensive.—All of which he offers for Sale on the most reasonable terms.

Newport, Nov. 24.

FRESH FRUIT, &c.

9 Jars fresh Malaga GRAPES
12 Boxes do. Bunch RAISINS
24 half and Q. Boxes do. Ditto
6 Boxes bloom Ditto —4 do. FIGS.
150 wt. fresh Almonds
Fresh Sultana and Cask Raisins.
Fresh Zante Currants
20 bushels Shagbark Nuts
10 do. Chesnuts
20 Barrels Spitzenberg Apples
10 do. Greening Do.
12 do. Albany Cider.—10 do Flour.
1200 wt. Albany Butter
10 Bushels do. Peas.

The above, with a Variety of other Articles, are for Sale by

HENRY POTTER.

Newport, Jan. 5.

PRIME TOBACCO.

5 Hhds. prime Tobacco, suitable for Segars, for Sale by

STEPHEN CAHOONE.

Newport, Dec. 4.

PROVISIONS & WINE.

TWENTY Bbls. Mess PORK
10 do. Prime Do.
Eight ditto BEEF
3 Qr-casks sweet Malaga } WINES.
2 do. dry do. }
2 do. Samos }

For Sale, by

W. H RATHBONE,

Head of Packet wharf.

Newport, Nov. 1.

Seventeenth Congress.

IN SENATE, Jan. 14, 1831.

THE Senate took up Mr. R. M. Johnson's resolution to amend the Constitution, as it respects the judicial power of the United States in all controversies to which a State shall be a party; on which proposition Mr. Johnson commenced his remarks; but, before he had concluded, the Senate went into Executive business, and afterwards

Adjourned.

Tuesday, January 15

After transacting some unimportant business, the Senate resumed the consideration of Mr. Johnson's proposition to amend the Constitution. Mr. J. resumed his speech commenced yesterday, and spoke about two hours. When he had concluded, Mr. Holmes of Maine, after some preliminary observations offered the following amendment, To strike out all that part of the resolution which proposes to give appellate jurisdiction, in certain cases, to the Senate, and to insert the following amendment to the Constitution:—

Any Judge of any Court of the United States may be removed from office by the President of the United States, on the address of both Houses of Congress.

Mr. Van Buren objected to this amendment as out of order, but the Chair decided that it was in order.

The further consideration of the subject was postponed until to-morrow, and the Senate adjourned.

Wednesday Jan 16

The resolutions submitted by Mr Lloyd, relative to the distribution of a portion of the Public Lands to the old States, was made the order of the day for Wednesday next.

According to the order of the day, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the first resolution, proposing an amendment to the Constitution, for establishing an uniform mode of electing Electors of President, and Representatives to Congress A debate ensued, which was opened by Mr. Barbour, who concluded his remarks by stating that the proposed measure deranged the compromise on which the Constitution had its being; that if there was any difficulty in the Constitution in its present shape, it was on paper merely and not felt in practice, and was of opinion that practical and serious evils might grow out of the proposed change.

Mr. Lloyd was in favor of a uniform mode of election, but objected to the resolution in the present shape, because that important object was not secured by it, and moved its reference to the judiciary committee with instructions to amend to that effect.

On motion of Mr. Lanman, the subject was then postponed to next day

Adjourned.

Thursday, Jan. 17

Mr. Knight presented a petition from sundry merchants and manufacturers in Rhode-Island, in favor of a Bankrupt law.

The amendment to the Constitution for providing an uniform mode of election for Electors, &c. was postponed to the 25th January.

The bill to provide for the repair of the Cumberland Road (by erecting gates and collecting toll thereon, to be expended in repairs of the road) was next in order; and the presiding officer commenced the reading of it. Mr. Lowrie said he apprehended it was not necessary to proceed with the reading of the bill, for if gentlemen would turn their attention to it, they must see that it was a revenue bill, and that this house had therefore nothing to do with originating it. To try the sense of the Senate on this point, he moved to lay the bill on the table. After a debate, this motion was carried, and the Senate adjourned.

Friday Jan. 18.

Officers of the Customs.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill to establish certain Collection districts, and fix the compensation of officers of the customs.

Mr. Dickerson proposed to strike out that part of the section of the bill which abolishes the office of Assistant Collector of the town of Jersey, in the district of New-York.

Mr. Holmes opposed the motion at some length—asserting, in the course of his remarks, that this office was a mere sinecure, the incumbent receiving a thousand dollars per annum for doing nothing whatever. So little was he known as a public officer that he had had some difficulty in ascertaining who he was, &c.

After some further observations between Mr. Holmes and Mr. Dickerson, the question was taken on Mr. D's motion, and decided in the negative.

The 7th section was then read, which among other provisions, fixes the commissions of the Collector of the Port of New-York at one eight of one per cent. (instead of one fourth as at present allowed) on all monies collected by him. On this clause, a debate arose of considerable length.

The Senate agreed to strike one eight and the blank was then filled with one-sixth of one per cent

Mr. Knight moved to amend the 8th section, by adding the collector of Pawtuxet to those proposed in the bill to receive a salary of 200 dollars.

Some discussion followed this motion, embracing other points as well as the immediate one, in which Messrs. Knight Lowrie, Lloyd, Barbour and Holmes, took part; but before any question was taken, the bill was postponed to Monday, to which day

The Senate then adjourned.

House of Representatives,

Monday, January 14

A bill was reported, twice read and committed, providing for delivering up persons held to labour or service in any of the States or territories who shall escape into any other State or territory.

The Committee of Claims made a report unfavourable to the memorial of the Legislature of Tennessee, asking compensation for horses lost in the expedition during the Seminole war—which was referred to the Committee of the whole.

Mr. Nelson of Maryland, after adverting to the importance of the subject of the motion which he had laid on the tables some days ago, proposing the appointment of a committee to consider the expediency of making appropriations of publick lands for the purposes of education in the old States, and to the fact that it had received the approbation of several States, and therefore was entitled to the serious attention of this House, moved that the House should now proceed to the consideration of that motion.

The House agreed to consider it.

Mr. Campbell moved to refer the resolve to the committee on publick lands which gave rise to a long debate, in which Messrs Wright, Ross, Hardin, Little, Archer, Rankin, Cook, and some others took part; the members of the new States arguing for its reference to the committee on publick lands; and those from the old States for its reference to a Select committee, as being the most parliamentary usage for the friends of a measure to consider it. An amendment to include a grant of land to an University to be located within the District of Columbia, was rejected. An amendment to compose the committee of a member from each State of the Union, was made and withdrawn. Mr. Gorham opposed this resolve on general grounds; and, finally, after the rejection of several amendments, the House also refused to refer the resolution to a Committee of the whole, or lay it on the table; when on motion of Mr. Rankin, without coming to any decision, the House Adj.

Tuesday January 15.

Mr. Cocke, from the committee on Revolutionary Pensions, reported the following bill, which was twice read and committed:

A Bill supplementary to the acts to provide for certain persons engaged in the land and naval service of the United States, in the Revolutionary War.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the Secretary of War be authorized, and he is hereby authorized and required, to restore to the list of pensioners the name of any person who may have been, or hereafter shall be, stricken therefrom, in pursuance of the act of Congress, passed the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and twenty, entitled "An act in addition to an act, entitled "An act to provide for certain persons engaged in the land and naval service of the United States during the Revolutionary War, passed the eighteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen," whenever such person, so stricken from the list of pensioners, shall furnish evidence, in pursuance of the provisions of said act to satisfy the Secretary of War that he is in such indigent circumstances as to be unable to support himself without the assistance of his country

Sec 2. *And be it further enacted* That, when any person, coming within the provisions of the acts to which this is supplementary, shall, by reason of bodily infirmity, be unable to attend in Court to make his schedule and furnish the evidence by said acts required, it shall be lawful for any Judge of a Court of Record, in the district, city, county or borough, in which such person resides, to attend at his place of abode, and receive his schedule and oath or affirmation; and said Judge shall certify that said applicant was, from bodily infirmity, unable to attend such Court, which schedule, and oath or affirmation, and certificate, shall by said Judge be produced in the Court of which he is Judge; and the opinion of said Court of the value of the property contained in said schedule shall be entered thereon, and certified by the Clerk of said Court; and such schedule shall be valid for all the purposes contemplated by the acts aforesaid.

Sec 3. *And be it further enacted,* That pensions granted upon other and different schedules than those heretofore exhibited by the same applicant, shall commence from the time such schedules shall be filed in Court.

Mr Condict laid on the table the following resolution:

Resolved. That the President of the United States be requested to communicate to this House such information as he may possess, and which may not be improper to communicate, in respect to any outrages and abuses committed upon the person of the officers, or crews, of the American vessels at the Havana, or other Spanish ports in America; also, whether any measures have been adopted under Spanish authority, tending to punish, restrain, or countenance either such personal outrages or piratical depredations upon the property of our merchants; also, whether, in the opinion of the President, any further legislative provisions may be necessary to enable the Executive more effectually to protect our rights from similar aggression.

On motion of Mr. Newton, of Virginia.

Resolved That the Committee of Ways and Means be instructed to inquire into the policy of reducing the duty imposed on Madeira Wines, and of proportioning the duty to the quality of each sort imported into the United States.

On motion of Mr. Mercer, it was,

Resolved, That the Committee on the suppression of the Slave Trade be instructed to inquire whether the laws of the United States prohibiting that traffick have been duly executed, and also, into the general effect produced thereby on the trade itself; also, to inquire into and report the defect, if any exist, in the operation of the laws, and to suggest adequate remedies therefor

Mr. Nelson, of Maryland, withdrew the resolution under discussion yesterday in the House, and in lieu thereof offered the following:

Resolved, That each of the United States has an equal right to participate in the benefit of the Public Lands, the common property of the Union

Resolved, That the States in whose favour Congress has not made appropriations of Land for the purposes of education, are entitled to such appropriations as will correspond in a just proportion with those heretofore made in favour of the other States

Resolved, That a committee be appointed with instructions to report a bill in pursuance of the foregoing resolutions.

On motion of Mr. Nelson, the same were referred to the committee of the whole on the state of the Union, and ordered to be printed Adjourned.

Wednesday Jan 16.

Among the petitions this day presented, was a memorial from sundry merchants of the city of New-York, praying for the imposition of such further duties as may restrain sales at auction, which was referred to the committee of Ways and Means.

The Committee of Ways and Means made a report adverse to the expediency of increasing the annual apropriation for arming the militia.

Certain Resolutions of the legislature of Connecticut, and New Jersey, approving of the proposition for a distribution of a portion of the Public Lands, were laid before the House, and referred to a committee of the whole.

The house, on motion of Mr. Condict, took up the resolution yesterday laid on the table by him; and, after modifying it by striking out the clause which requested the President's opinion as to the further legislative provisions necessary to enable him to protect the right of our citizens from piratical aggression, the resolution was adopted

The Speaker laid before the house a letter from the Secretary of War, transmitting the information called for by the House on the 10th inst, relative to the disbursements for the Indian Department above the appropriation of the last year. Adj

Thursday, Jan. 17

Mr. Floyd, from the Committee to whom was referred an inquiry into the expediency of occupying the mouth of the Columbia River, &c reported, in part, a bill to regulate the intercourse with the Indian tribes within the United States, and territories thereof

Mr. Williamson laid on the table a resolution requesting of the President information of the progress made by the commissioners under the 5th article of the treaty of Ghent.

On motion of Mr. Floyd, the House proceeded to the consideration of the resolution offered by him yesterday, requesting of the President of the United States all the correspondence which led to the treaty of Ghent, which has not yet been made public, *and which in his opinion it may not be improper to disclose* Mr. F observed that the bill which he had this day reported to the House, contemplated a very considerable change in our intercourse with the Indian tribes in the west, and it appeared, by the report of the Secretary of War, made yesterday, that a great influence was exercised over those tribes by our European neighbors in that quarter The correspondence between the Commissioners at Ghet embraced this subject, among others and he thought it was desirable that the House should be in possession of the whole of it—After some debate, the resolution was adopted.

Mr. Hobart laid on the table a resolution directing the P. M. General to communicate a statement of the gross amount of postages, the number of post offices in the United States, the extent in miles of the post roads, the amount of compensation to deputy post masters, the expense of transporting the mail together with the incidental expenses of the post office department, and the balances in favor, or against the same in each of the last six years; and, in case the revenue of the said department should now be insufficient to meet the expenditures thereof, to suggest such measures as he may deem proper, either to supply such deficiency, or to reduce the said expenditures.

Apportionment of Representation—The House resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the bill for apportioning the representatives of the several states in Congress, according to the Census of 1820.—Various propositions were handed to the chair of the ratio, which each moved to fill the blank with—The several numbers handed to the chair were read, and appeared to average as the proposed ratio, about 40,000, the extremes announced by the chair were 35,000 and 75,000. After debate, the committee agreed (81 to 73) to adopt a ratio of 42,000, and reported thus to the House: on the question of agreeing to it, Mr Durfee of Rhode-Island, delivered at length, his sentiments against it in favor of a less ratio, Mr. Randolph subjoined a few remarks to the same effect and concluded by moving a postponement of the subject to Monday week, which was agreed to; and the house adjourned.

Friday Jan 18.

Mr. Floyd from the committee appointed on the subject, reported a bill to authorize the occupation of Columbia river. This bill was read twice and committed

Post Office Department.

Mr. Bateman laid the following resolution on the table:—

Resolved. That the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to report to this House what progress has been made in the settlement of the arrears in the accounts of the Post Office establishment; and also what difficulties if any, have interfered in the final liquidation thereof.

Mr. Lowndes, presented a letter from George W. Erving, Esq a citizen of the U States, residing in Paris, announcing the transmission of a box of valuable medals, by a vessel that foundered at sea, on its way to New-York, and which were intended to be deposited by their liberal donor in the library of the U S. for the public use. The donation comprised all the medals that were struck in France, during the revolution. After some conversation, the letter was submitted to the committee on the Library

A resolution was offered by Mr Tomlinson, and adopted, for making an inquiry into the expediency of appropriating the sum of 500 dollars to carry into effect a resolution of Congress, passed June 17. 1777 providing for the erection of a monument to the memory of Gen. David Wooster, who fell in bravely repelling an inroad of the British forces to Danbury, (Con.)

Adjourned to Monday.

By the Mail's.

SOUTH-CAROLINA

CHARLESTON, JAN. 12.

From Havanna.

THE Spanish brig Brilliant arrived at Havanna on the 25th ult. from Campeachy.—On the 1st, was captured by the Patriot brig Independencia, who took from the B. 6 guns, 300 lbs. powder, &c and then released her

The Spanish government had ordered taxes to be laid by the Captain General of Cuba on its inhabitants, to defray the expences of supporting three vessels of war, viz a 74 gun ship, a frigate and a brig as packets for direct intelligence between Cuba and the mother country

NEW-YORK.

NEW-YORK, JAN. 19.

Arrival of the Shark

The U. S schooner Shark, Lieut M. C. Perry arrived here yesterday from a cruise of 162 days on the Coast of Africa, and last from the Havanna.

The Shark left Sierra Leone, November 1 The Colonists were then all well. They were still at Guarny Bay. The Slave Trade is still carried on with great activity under French, Portuguese Spanish and Dutch flags. The mortality had been very great on the coast of Africa; during the last year upwards of two thirds of the white European and American emigrants had died. The British cruisers had suffered very severely, particularly in officers. Mr Winn, and wife Reverend Mr Andrus, and six of the blacks, died in July and August.

The Shark boarded a great many Guineamen on the coast, some of which she detained some time, one of them a French schooner, of 78 tons, with 153 slaves on board—not an American was to heard of, and it was pretty well ascertained that there are no American citizens at present engaged in the traffick.

Captain Perry informs, it was reported at Havana that the Enterprize, Captain Kearny, had captured a piratical boat off Cape Antonio, landed, and burnt their huts.

Matanzas was blockaded by the Independencia, and one other Patriot vessel. Several Spanish men of war were in Havana, but they did not attempt to raise the blockade.

Captain Perry has politely favoured us with Sierra Leone Gazettes to October 27, and a file of Jamaica papers to the 13th of December inclusive. The former announce, among others, the following deaths on the Gold Coast—Elmina, the Dutch Governour; Accra, Governour-General of the Danish settlements, and Governour Gordor, of the English settlement.

It is said the American Colonization Society contemplate making an establishment on the Gold Coast.

Early in October a deputation arrived at Sierra Leone from the King of the Foulahs headed by Prince Alifa Sadoo, under whose protection came a Mahometan Priest and his wife This singular man had journeyed all the way from Egypt to the Mandingo nation It was said he possessed important information relative to the geography of the interiour of Africa, but so much caution was observed by the British residents at Sierra Leone, that very little of his information was made publick It was, stated that he passed through Tombuctoo, and that he was of the opinion the Niger and the the Nile were one and the same river.

It was estimated at Sierra-Leone, that 50,000 slaves had been sent from the Coast within the last 12 months

The Shark landed Mr. Ayres, agent of the American Colonization Society, at Sierra Leone, on the 20th of Oct.

It is stated that upwards of 5000 negroes have recently died of measles in the neighbourhood of St Jago.

Two or three vessels had been carried into Jamaica, under suspicion of their being pirates, but had all been released.

January 23.

From Canton.

Arrived yesterday ship Adonis, Capt. Brumley, in 106 days from Canton—Capt B informs that about the latter part of September, a seaman belonging to the ship Emily, Copeland of Baltimore, was accused of having killed a Chinese woman.—The Mandarins immediately demanded the man, in order to punish him for the alledged murder, but Captain Copeland not being satisfied respecting his guilt, declined giving him up. After considerable negociations between Mr. Wilcocks, our consul, joined by the American residents, Captains and supercargoes and the Chinese authorities, during which the Americans evinced a determination not to give up the seaman without having his guilt proved, and many threats were thrown out on the other side of stopping the trade, and other coercive measures—it was at last agreed that the man should be tried for the offence on board the Emily, it was also agreed that the evidence of the white men should be admitted as well as the Chinese.—These concessions, on the part of the Chinese, when compared with their conduct on similar occasions wherein the English were concerned, was considered at Canton as a proof of their favorable sentiments towards the Americans. However, if the man should be found guilty, and then not be given up to be punished according to their laws, an immediate stoppage of all trade and intercourse, will no doubt immediately take place.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, JAN 21.

An arrival at New-York has furnished the following intelligence:

Accounts from Lima to the 12th Sept. had been received at Monte Video, via Chili and Buenos Ayres.

The Spanish Army that evacuated Lima on the 6th July, after forming a junction with the forces of Gen. Canterac at Tauja commenced its march again towards Lima on the 22d Aug. under the command of that officer. Gen. Laserna remaining in Tauja with a squadron of cavelry, the hospitals and baggage of the army

Gen. Canterac approached Lima on the 3d Sept. with his army, consisting of five battallions and 700 horse, took a position about 2 leagues from the city and one from the army of San Martin, that lay outside the walls to observe his movements; the two armies remained in sight of each other for several days, employed in taking different positions, and although that of the Spaniards was far inferior in number to that of San Martin, no attempt was made by the latter to attack them, but they were permitted to reinforce the garrison of Callao without interruption, which they did with their whole force on the 11th Sept.—As San Martin had imprisoned all the Spaniards of Lima, it is probable that he apprehended a plan had been laid to raise a revolt in the city at the same time that the Spanish army attacked him from without The friends of the Patriot cause were by no means satisfied with the last information from Peru; some even began to doubt the success of the expedition

Juvenile Depravity—On Wednesday evening last, the dwelling house of Mr. Thomas Lincoln, on the West side was, in the absence of the family, forcibly entered by two boys, who rifled a trunk of money and sundry articles, amounting to about 20 dollars The culprits, who are less than *fifteen* years old, were yesterday morning apprehended and committed to jail

Providence Amer.

The Mercury.

NEWPORT,
Saturday, Jan. 26, 1822.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The General Assembly still remain in session at Providence, busily engaged in revising the laws of the State.—After the adjournment of the Assembly we shall endeavour to publish a summary of their proceedings.

The General Assembly have voted that no private petitions shall be tried the present session.

We learn that the Election law (published in our last) has been rejected in the Senate; as also the bill that passed the House, removing the June Session of the Assembly from this town.

FROM ST. DOMINGO.

By Capt. Greenman, of the brig Gen. Jackson, who arrived here on Thursday evening in 21 days from Port Platt, we learn, that the Haytien flag was hoisted at that place on the 1st of January.—When Capt. G. sailed, the place was in a state of revolution, and the whites were in daily fear of a massacre from the blacks.—The whole of the Spanish part of St. Domingo was in possession of the blacks.

THE WEATHER.

Monday and Tuesday last were very mild and pleasant, but on Wednesday morning about 6 o'clock, the wind suddenly changed from SW. to NW. During the day and evening, the cold continued to increase. Thursday was the coldest day we have experienced the present season, the thermometers being 2 degrees above zero.—The weather had moderated last evening.—Notwithstanding the severity of the weather, the navigation of our Harbor is unobstructed by the ice.

SPANISH CLAIMS.

The National Intelligencer of the 16th inst. says,—"The Board of Commissioners for deciding on claims arising under the Spanish Treaty, is now in full session, at their rooms in this city, and has attracted hither some of the most eminent lawyers in the United States: among them are Mr. Hunter of Rhode Island; Mr. Webster, of Boston; Mr. Hoffman, of New-York, and Mr. Winder, of Baltimore."

A letter from Washington, dated Jan. 15th, received at New York, states that the Commissioners have decided that all claims of the following nature, ought not to be allowed:—

1st. All claims originating in contract with the government of Spain, or its colonies, for supplies, do *not* constitute a claim under this treaty.

2d. All claims arising on account of vessels captured by French privateers, carried into Spanish ports, and afterwards condemned by a French tribunal, sitting in a French territory, *are rejected.*

3d. They have rejected all claims for seizures made by French authorities at St. Sebastians, and other ports in the south of Spain.

4th. They have also rejected all claims for *consequential* damages.

THE PRESIDENCY.

It appears from the following extract of a letter from Mr. Lowndes to a gentleman in Charleston, (S. C.) that he has not declined a nomination, as it has been stated:—

"I have never taken any step, and never shall, to draw the public eye upon me as a competitor for the high place of which you speak. I have no reason to think that there is any wish out of our State to raise me to it.—*However this may be, the Presidency of the United States is not, in my opinion, an office to be either solicited or declined.*"

We are happy to state, that the loss sustained by Messrs. Williams' in their Factory at North-Kingstown, is much less than was stated in the Providence papers.—It appears, that the injury was confined to an old building, which was partly undermined by the water; and that the loss is not estimated at more than $500.

COMMUNICATION.

We understand, that it is in agitation to establish a *Horse Boat* across Bristol Ferry, and that a Company for that purpose is contemplated to be made in this Town.—The great advantages to be derived from such an arrangement, to the State and the public are too obvious to require mentioning.

It appears, by the Baltimore Patriot of Saturday last, that Mr. Godeau, the celebrated Rope Dancer, who performed in this town several evenings, the last summer, has been shipwrecked on his passage from Norfolk to New-Orleans, with the loss of his wife and child, and of $10,000 in gold, the fruits of his hard labours

FOURTH CENSUS.

The National Intelligencer of the 14th inst. contains the aggregates of each description of persons in the U. S. compiled from the returns of the Census of 1820.—Its great length prevents our publishing it.—The following are the totals of its several columns. There are of free white males under 10 years, 1,344,263; between 10 and 16, 612,102; between 16 and 26, 755,520, (of these 180,036 are between 16 & 18); between 26 and 45, 765,546; over 45, 494,735.—The number of free white females under 10 years, is 1,279,622; between 10 and 16, 604,912; between 16 and 26, 780,865; between 26 and 45, 736,098; and over 45, 462,449.—Of the preceding, there are engaged in agriculture, 2,065,499; in commerce, 72,397; in manufactures, 349,217; and 53,655 foreigners not naturalized.—Of slaves, there are under 14, males 342,460, females 323,014; between 14 and 26, 202,248 males and 201,509 females; between 26 and 45, 162,950 males and 151,922 females; above 45, 77,013 males and 70,320 females.—Of free colored persons, there are under 14, 47,640 males and 45,869 females; between 14 and 26, 24,035 males and 23,784 females; between 26 and 45, 23,442 males and 27,169 females; over 45, 17,586 males and 18,873 females.—Of other persons not taxed, except Indians, there are 4,631 The total of which is 9,625,734, being the whole population of the United States and their Territories except Kershaw district in South-Carolina, the returns of which have not been received.

REPRESENTATIVE APPORTIONMENT.

By our Congressional journal it will be seen, that the bill for apportioning the Representatives in Congress, was taken up on the 17th inst. in the House, and the ratio of 42,000 was finally fixed on in committee—ayes 81, noes 73. The committee reported the bill, as amended, to the house, when after some remarks from Mr. Durfee and Mr. Randolph, the bill was postponed to Monday next.

If the ratio of 42,000 is finally adopted, Rhode-Island will be entitled to but one Representative; Vermont will lose one; New-Hampshire one; Massachusetts one; and New-York gain five more than now entitled to.

The following is the report of the remarks of Mr. DURFEE, of this State, and of Mr. RANDOLPH'S, on the postponement of the bill:—

Mr. DURFEE spoke at considerable length in opposition to the concurrence with the committee of the whole in the ratio of 42,000. Want of room precludes at the present time any but a very brief sketch of his remarks.—He thought that an increase of the numbers of the national legislature would not retard the passage of wholesome and necessary laws—and if unnecessary laws were precluded, it might be considered as a benefit to the country; for few things were more pernicious than experiments in legislation. It had been said that the room in which the House of Representatives assembled was not sufficiently capacious to accommodate a greater number than it now contains On a question of this magnitude, he did not expect to hear an argument of this sort. Would it be said, that, in defining the number of the Representatives of the people, a resort should be first had to the architect? that representation should be dealt out by the cubic foot or the yard? and the Congress of the United States be regulated by the size of the Representatives' chamber, and not the chamber to the Congress? Such a principle, he thought it would be difficult to sustain. There was perhaps no other nation on earth where the representative system was known, in which, with nine or ten millions of people, the number of Representatives was so few as in our own.—In the last three apportionments, it would be seen, that 2000 was the only increase in the ratio—and now, in a single apportionment, it was proposed to leap at once over no less than 7000.—This, he thought, would be inconsistent with the principles both of policy and justice. In the earliest periods of our government, the people were scattered over a wide extent of territory, and their pursuits were in a great degree similar. But, in the progress of our unexampled prosperity, population had become dense—instead of the humble occupations and simple habits of husbandmen, our people had entered upon every species of employment that ingenuity could contrive—manufactures were extended, and commerce, in its ten thousand forms and multiplied conexions, had spread over every sea, and visited every clime. These complications of business necessarily produced intricate and multifarious interests. A more extended representation, therefore, was necessary now to do justice and protect their varied concerns, than when our population was sparse and our occupations few and simple. There were other reasons.—By combination, four or five large States might carry any measure they thought proper; and, though he was far from entertaining or expressing any jealousy in relation to present concerns, yet it was a contingency that ought to be guarded against—and there was no mode of guarding against it so effectually as by permitting a numerous representation By increasing the representation, you increase the sympathies of the smaller States with the larger. They feel that they have a voice in making the law that is promulgated to govern them, and they yield to it a willing and cheerful obedience. Mr. D. also adverted to the subject of Executive influences of which they had heard, and although it could not perhaps be said they were now felt, yet all would admit it was prudent to guard against it

Mr. RANDOLPH said that the maritime States had been playing old Lear.—They consoled themselves with the idea that they still possessed the wealth; but wealth and power if put asunder would soon be joined together—power would come in quest of wealth; or if it did not, wealth would go in quest of power. "Male and female created he them" He confessed that the prospect had nothing cheering to him.—Two of the "Old Thirteen" God bless them! were to be deprived (he was about to say disfranchised,) of a part of their representation; and that too in the absence, the necessary absence, of the remaining representative of one of them. Delaware was scarcely discernable—was but a speck upon the map; but could we forget the illustrious men she had produced? He would not contemplate her distinguished gallantry, patriotism and ability; nor her political weakness without a feeling of interest and attachment. Her weakness was only in numbers; in wisdom and honor she was still strong. He moved to postpone the further consideration of the bill till Monday next.

The Rev. Philander Chase, jun. acknowledges the receipt of the following sums, in New-York, for the support of Missionaries in the State of Ohio, viz: From Grace Church, $342 81—Trinity Church, 423 25—St. George's Church, 33 95—Christ Church 66—Thomas Gibbons, Esq. 100.—Total, $1,068 1.—*Boston Recorder.*

Cut Notes.

We inserted a paragraph, a few days since, stating, that some of the Banks had given notice that they should refuse payment of such of their notes as had been cut for the greater security of sending them in the mail, unless all the parts were produced. The Directors of the Bank of the United States published a notice to this effect some months ago After the publication of this notice the Bank refused payment of 500 dollars which had been forwarded from Cincinnati to Philadelphia, in two parcels, (the bills having been cut in the middle) one of which parcels never arrived. An action was brought against the Bank, and the case was argued at the October term of the U. S. Circuit Court, at Philadelphia. We now find that judgment has been entered for the plaintiffs, for the full amount of the notes The opinion of Judge Washington, as reported, is clear and strong against the Bank. Judge Peters entirely coincided with Judge Washington.

N. Y. Com. Advertiser.

Matrimony.—A curious circumstance lately occured on the subject of this holy state A couple engaged themselves to be married; the day was fixed; the company invited; the ring, the parson, the cake, and all the occasional comforts were prepared; the bride and bridegroom, dressed and perfumed, were seated near the fire, billing and cooing; every thing was ready; when lo! and behold, just before the parson said those ominious words, "love, honor and obey," the fickle bridegroom changed his mind, and refused to marry In vain were the prayers and entreaties of friends urged; in vain the tears and anger of the bride exhibited! the gay Lothario was inexorable Here sat the bride overwhelmed with grief; there the iced plum-cake and cordial untouched, while reason and argument were thrown away upon the lover. At length, the friends of the lady became enraged, and at two o'clock in the morning were about beating the bridegroom into a compliance with his engagement, when he made his escape, and the next morning swore the peace against those guests who had attempted to thump him into matrimony, when these facts leaked out, and the parties were bound over.

New-York Nat. Adv.

Conjugal Felicity.—A man on Long-Island recently *hung his wife!* she was however rescued from her perilous situation, and after considerable exertion, was resuscitated. The next day the husband compromised with his wife by purchasing a *Crape Gown for her!*—Report says she has agreed to be hung again, in ten days from that time—*for the consideration of a handsome Leghorn to match.*

Married,

At Springfield (Ver.) Mr. DANFORD RICHMOND, of Ashford, to Miss CLARISSA DANFORTH, the celebrated Female Preacher.

At Pawtucket on Wednesday last, Capt. EDWARD S. WILKINSON to Miss SALOME KINSLEY—Mr. ALBERT C JENKS to Miss MINERVA KINSLEY.

Died,

In this town Mrs MARY PETERSON, aged 76 years.

At Portsmouth, on Sunday last, very suddenly, Mr. DANIEL W. BARKER, of this town, aged 48 years.

At Seekonk on the 18th inst Mr JOHN DAVENPORT, formerly of this town, in the 88th year of his age.

At the Natick Factory in Warwick, on the 1st inst. Capt, WILLIAM TAYER, formerly of this town, in the 55th year of his age.

In Warwick, Col. STEPHEN ARNOLD, aged 58 years.

At Providence on Tuesday last, Mr. OLIVER JENNINGS, aged 44 years.—Capt. GEORGE EDDY, aged 52 years.

At North Kingstown on the 11th inst Mr. HENRY AUSTIN, in the 59th year of his age.

WEEKLY ALMANACK.

1822. *January.*	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	High water.	Moon sets.
26 *Saturday,*	7 10	4 50	10 18	9 1
27 *Sunday,*	7 9	4 51	11 6	10 13
28 *Monday,*	7 8	4 52	11 54	11 28
29 *Tuesday,*	7 7	4 53	aft. 46	morn.
30 *Wednesday,*	7 6	4 54	1 41	0 45
31 *Thursday,*	7 5	4 55	2 39	2 2
Feb. 1, *Friday,*	7 4	4 56	3 40	3 13

Moon's First Quarter 30th day, 2h. 40 min. in the Morning.

Marine List,

Port of Newport.

JAN 26, 1822.

ENTERED.

Sloop Ann-Maria Gardner, New-York

CLEARED.

Sloop Agent, Bliven, New-York

Arrived on Thursday morning, Packet Ann-Maria, Gardner, 19 hours from New-York, with cotton, dry goods, &c. to consignees at Providence and Boston Capt. G. left New-York on Wednesday forenoon, and that evening experienced very severe cold weather; the Pack being on her arrival here covered with ice, her sails frozen, and himself and crew are very much frost-bitten.

Arrived on Thursday evening, Brig Gen. Jackson, Greenman, of Providence, 21 days from Port Platt, (St Domingo) with coffee, tobacco, mahogany, &c. bound to New-York—the Brig being covered with ice, and the crew much frozen, was compelled to bear away for this port.—Left no American vessels at Port Platt.—Jan 21st, in 15 fathoms water, spoke Brig Margaret, 15 days from Havanna for New-York.—[Capt. GREENMAN returns his sincere thanks to the Officers, and particularly the barge-men of the garrison at Fort Wolcott, for their endeavours to assist him; and also to those gentlemen of Newport for the great assistance they kindly rendered him, in securing his vessel, and assisting himself and crew, who were much frozen, in reaching the shore on the ice]

MARINE MEMORANDA

Arrived at Holmes-Hole on the 18th inst. Ship Atlantic, Coffin, from the Coast of Peru, with 1800 bbls. Oil.—Left on the Coast in Sept. last, Ship Courier, Fitzgerald, of this port, with 120 bbls. Oil.—Robinson Potter, Swain, of this port, with 700 bbls.; and Planter, Coffin of Nantucket, with 150 do.

Sloop Sally Williams, of this port for the West-Indies, was spoken Dec. 27th, lat. 27, long 68

Arrived at Charleston Jan. 10th, Sch'r Esther, Smith, and Gleaner, Miller, 7 hours from Georgetown, with rice and cotton.—Sailed, Sloop Rapid, Perry, for Savannah.

At Savannah Jan. 8th, Sloop Niagara, Fowler, from Charleston.

At Georgetown Jan. 9, Sch'r Washington Packet, Shove, of this port, from Charleston—Cleared, Schooner Betsey, Briggs, of do for St. Barts.

NOTICE.

MARINE INSURANCE OFFICE,
Newport, Jan. 20, 1822.

AT a Meeting of the Directors this day, it was Voted, That the payment of the Instalment Notes falling due the 1st of Feb. next, be further suspended until the 1st of Nov. next.

B. PEIRCE, *Sec'ry.*

Wanted to Purchase,

SHARES in the R. I. UNION BANK. Apply to the Cashier.

Newport, Jan. 26.

AUCTIONS.

TO LET, at Public Auction, On MONDAY, Feb. 11, 1822

At 2 o'clock P. M. on the premises, fair, if not, the first fair day after.

THE Real Estate of JOSEPH CUNDALL, Esq late of Portsmouth, deceased, viz;—The Grist Mill, Clothiers Works, Looms and Spinning Machinery, now occupied by *Clarke & Grinnell* as a Wool Manufactory; all in complete order for business.

Also, The FARM, called the COCK Farm, containing 100 Acres—and the Perry Farm, so called, containing about 30 Acres.—The excellency of the above Farms for meadow, pasture and tillage land, are too well known to need any recommendation.

Likewise, A Dwelling House convenient for one or two small families, and contiguous to either of the above Farms. Conditions made known at the time and place.

SAMUEL CLARKE,
GILES MANCHESTER. } *Adm'rs*
Portsmouth, Jan. 15, 1822

To be Sold at Public Auction,

On the 18th of Second Month next, at XI o'clock A M on the premises, (if fair if not the first fair day after)

THE Real Estate of the late *Abraham Anthony,* deceased, situated in the Town of Portsmouth, containing the following Tracts or parcels of Land viz:—

The homestead FARM pleasantly situated about six miles from Newport, containing 122 Acres of good Land which is well watered, and fenced with stone wall, and has on it Five Orchards of Fruit Trees, several of them young and thrifty;—A well finished two-story Dwelling-House almost new; Barn, Crib, Chaise-house, &c. in good repair, and a good well of water near the house.

Also, One other Tract of Land situated near the above, containing 12 1-2 Acres of valuable Wood land—One other Tract of Wood land, situated about one mile from the above containing about 4 1-2 Acres.

Also immediately after the sale, Will be sold a number of Farming tools, a quantity of good hay and a variety of other articles.—Conditions made known at the time and place of Sale

PHILIP ANTHONY

Portsmouth, 25 d of 1st mo. 1822.

Administrator's Sale.

BY Virtue of a Decree of the Supreme Judicial Court, there will be sold at Public Auction to satisfy the just debts reported by the Commissioners, on the Estate of *Nathaniel Hazard,* Esq with incidental charges, on the 2d day of April next, at XI o'clock A M. on the premises, the MANSION-HOUSE of the said Hazard situated in Newport fronting on Thames-Street, and now occupied for the Custom-House;—Together with two Garden Lots, in the rear of said House.—Conditions made known at the time and place of Sale.

DUTEE J PEARCE
JAMES TOWNSEND } *Adm'rs.*
Newport, Dec. 20. 1821

Atheneum,

Or, Spirit of the English Magazines.

JUST published, The ATHENEUM; *Or, Spirit of the English Magazines,* for Jan. 15, 1822

☞ Subscriptions for the above interesting Work, are received by the Subscriber, the Agent in Newport.

J. C SHAW.

Newport, Jan 19

State of Rhode-Island, &c.

WASHINGTON SC.—*Clerk's Office, Court of Common Pleas, Jan.* 2, A D. 1822.

ON Application this Day made to me by ELISHA B CHAPPELL of South-Kingstown, in the County of Washington, laborer, Notice is hereby given to the Creditors of the said *Chappell* to appear at the Court of Common Pleas to be holden at South-Kingstown, within and for said County, on the first Monday of February next, if they see fit, and on the second day of the Term thereof, to nominate an Assignee or Assignees to receive an assignment of the said *Chappell's* Estate, agreeably to the provisions of an Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, passed at June Session, A. D. 1820.

SAMUEL HELME, *Clerk.*

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber would be glad to be employed for a very reasonable compensation, as a Clerk in some Public Office or Counting Room, or would attend to settling Accounts for any person who might be disposed to employ him, either at his house, or at any other place his employers might prefer.

JOHN DEBLOIS.

Newport, Jan. 26.

POETRY.

FOR THE NEWPORT MERCURY.

SYMPATHY.

To *** * ***

OH, give me the heart that can feel for distress,
And grieve o'er the ruin misfortune hath made,
That freely would make all its sorrowing less,
And cheer the lone bosom that lingers in shade.

Sweet is the tremor of melody's note,
When softly it steals o'er the pillow of sleep;
Yet the sighs are still sweeter that trembingly float,
Around the lone heart that in silence must weep.

O rich is the soul that can tenderly feel,
The warm gush of sympathy brighten it still,
When before it Affliction imploring would kneel,
To claim its relief from unmeritted ill.

Oh the tear that then sparkles in sympathy's eye
Is dearer than pleasures gay brilliants to me,
And the rapture that thrills in compassion's soft sigh,
Than the zephyr that sweeps o'er the silvery sea.

PITY.

SOFT Music's charm hath power,
To light the darksome hour,
And wrap the wondering soul in extacies of bliss;
But Pity's heavenly chime,
Hath raptures more sublime,
And if there is true pleasure—it is this, it is this.

Her dulcet numbers roll,
In sweetness o'er the soul,
And lull trembling up from sadness and despair;
And when the pained heart,
With life and woe would part,
Her loveliness can fight with smiles the brow of care.

Soft Pity, meek eye'd dove,
When wafted from above,
In all the winning charms of spotless virtue dress'd,
Did seek the shrine on earth,
Most worthy of her birth,
She found that holy shrine in lovely woman's breast.

Sweet Heaven approv'd the choice,
And gave an Angel's voice,
To charms that ever made existence doubly dear.
Whose tones, of gentle breath,
Are melody in death,
And oh! how spotless glows—sweet Pity in her tear. C.

New School Geography.

Just received, by
JOSEPH M'INTIRE.

A supply of MORSE's New and Improved SCHOOL GEOGRAPHY together with a new and handsome ATLAS to accompany it.—Price of the Geography, 87 1-2 Cents; the Atlas 75 Cents, coloured.

☞ The following is one, among many recommendations to the merit of this work.—And besides, it may be noticed, that it is recommended for introduction into all the *common Schools* throughout the state of New-York, by the Superintendant and Secretary of State J. V. N. YATES.

HAVING examined, as extensively as our engagements would permit, "A new Abridgment of the American Universal Geography," by Jedidiah Morse, D. D. and Sidney Edwards Morse, A. M. we have no hesitation in saying, that we think it possesses great merit. With a labour which Authors rarely bestow on new editions, this Work appears to have been entirely re-written, and that with much care and ability—the stereotype and beauty of its style—the valuable and interesting matter which it contains—and the excellence of its arrangement, must make it very valuable, not only as a school book to youth, but as a convenient manual for occasional use to men of reading. The system of Questions running through the Work and the General Views at its close must greatly increase its usefulness to students in Geography. The Map of the United States, which is given as a specimen of the proposed Atlas, is executed in a superior style of workmanship.

E. PORTER,
L. WOODS,
J. MURDOCK.

Theological Seminary, Andover, July 19, 1821.

TO LET.

THE Upper Part of the HOUSE No. 5 in the small House No. 6 in Church street.—Apply to
LUKE H. FRASER.
Newport, Jan. 5.

ISAAC GOULD,

Has just received at his old stand No. 176, Thames-street,
And offers for Sale as low as can be purchased in Town, for CASH.

AN Assortment of best Superfine BROADCLOTHS and CASSIMERES, fashionable colours.

Middle and low priced ditto, for Surtouts.

Super and common drab Devonshire Kerseys.

Double milled Broadcloths for Great Coats.

Tartan Plaids for Cloaks.

Plain and emboss'd Bombazette, black and fancy colours.

Superb new fashion Cassinett Vestings.

Valencia and common ditto.

Rich gilt coat and vest Buttons.

Superb fancy Cravats.

Black silk and flag Handkerchiefs.

Brown Hollands and Cottons, very cheap.

His Friends and the Public are invited to call and examine for themselves.

Newport, Oct. 13.

☞ LOOSE NO TIME.

Please to take Notice,

THAT the DOMESTIC LOTTERY, began to draw in Providence last Saturday, and will Draw every Saturday until completed.—The Great Prizes are all in the Wheel, and afford a fine prospect of Gain to those who buy Tickets—A Class is now open for Subscription, and Tickets and Parts are constantly for Sale, warranted undrawn, at the original Price,—If you want a Few Hundred Dollars to brighten the prospect before you, buy a Ticket in your Lottery.—*A Word to the wise is sufficient?*
J. C. SHAW.
Newport, Jan. 12.

The Union Factory.

WOOL CARDING.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their Friends, and the public in general, that they have established the Indigo Blue Dyeing, and have employed an experienced workman at colouring and finishing.—Woolen Goods of all descriptions will be finished in the neatest manner and on the most reasonable terms.

Wool of all grades carded into rolls in the best manner. They continue to manufacture Wool on shares or by contract, as may best suit their employers.

The following persons will receive and forward any articles intended for the Union Factory viz.—*Edward Stanhope* and *Robert K. & Francis Carr*, Newport.—*George Lawton*, Tiverton.—*Jeremiah Gifford*, Bristol Ferry.

The Subscribers return their sincere thanks to their old customers and solicit the continuance of their favors.
JOHN BABCOCK,
MOSES LAWTON.
Portsmouth Nov. 10.

☞ TAKE NOTICE.

To be Sold at Public Auction,
On MONDAY, Jan. 28th, 1822, at XI o'clock A. M. on the premises.

THAT Valuable FARM situated in Westerly, (R. I.) near Pawcatuck Bridge, lying on the Post Road leading from Newport to New-London, containing by estimation, Two Hundred Acres of Land, principally under good cultivation, with plenty of Wood and well watered, with convenient Buildings thereon standing; being the Mansion House, and the Farm formerly owned by Dr. *Joshua Babcock*, late of Westerly, deceased.—Four other Tracts or Parcels of Land, situated in said Westerly, containing by estimation One Hundred and Fifty-five Acres of valuable Land, lying near the Post road, and bounded partly on the sea-shore, being a part of the homestead Farm formerly owned by Col. *Joseph Noyes*, late of Westerly, deceased.—One other Tract of Land, lying in Stonington, county of New-London, and situated near Pawcatuck Bridge, and partly bounded on the River, containing Thirty-six Acres of Valuable Land, with the undivided one-quarter part of a Grist Mill and saw Mill, standing near Pawcatuck Bridge, on the west side of the River.—The above mentioned Real Estate will be sold in separate Lots or Parcels, as shall best suit purchasers and most for the interest of all those concerned.—The terms of Payment will be made easy and accommodating, for approved endorsed Notes, made payable at the Washington and Phenix Banks, Westerly.—The Conditions will be made known on the Day of Sale.—*Also*, there will be sold about Twenty Tons of good Hay, at the same time.
JEREMIAH THURSTON,
WILLIAM WILLIAMS.
Westerly, Dec 24, 1821.

WANTED,

A Young Married Woman wishes to take a Child to Nurse.—Inquire at this Office.
Newport, Dec 8.

NEW GOODS

JOHN B. NEWTON
104, *Thames-Street,*

HAS just received and offers for Sale, 25 Pieces Russia Diapers; Black Bombazette, from No's 1 to 10; Blue, Black and Brown Prints; American Shirtings; British Shirtings; 8-4 & 10-4 Blankets; Black Lutestrings 3s9 per yard; Gentlemen's and Ladies Hosiery; 50 lb. American white and assorted colour'd Sewing Cottons; color'd Cambrics, &c. &c
Newport, Jan. 12.

Verdigrise, ground in Oil

William W. Vernon,
Has for Sale,

VERDIGRISE, ground in Oil, warranted of the first quality and as cheap as can be purchased in Boston or New-York in kegs from 10 to 200 lbs—Paints of all colours Linseed Oil-Window Glass and Putty Brushes &c

☞ W. W. VERNON informs his Friends and Customers, that he continues to carry on the Business of *Painting & Glazing* in its various branches at the Old Stand No. 118 Thames-Street, where he constantly attends to receive their commands; the smallest favours gratefully acknowledged and the strictest attention paid to all orders.
Newport, June 30

MARBLE MONUMENTS.

TOMBS, Chimney Pieces Hearths, Fire Places and Grave Stones, of American and Italian Marble, blue, white and clouded, for Sale on the Packet Wharf, NEWPORT.

ALSO,

500 pair of Grave Stones, of the finest and most durable Blue slate, warranted superior to any Sold in this State.—Free Stone for Windows Caps and Sills, Hearths, Fire Places and Steps.

All of which will be Sold at the *lowest Prices for Cash* Country Produce, or other Merchandise, and on a long credit required *Apply to*
JAMES STEVENS,
Pelham-Street.
Newport, March 17.

Collector's Notice.

THE Subscriber being appointed Collector of the Town Tax, voted in July last, hereby gives notice, that he has commenced the Collection of the same, and respectfully requests all those indebted for said Tax, to pay the same without delay, at No 9, Market-Square.
JOSEPH MARTIN.
Newport, Nov. 22.

FOR SALE,

THE Island in Point-Judith Pond South-Kingstown, called the Great Island, containing by estimation, One Hundred and Seventy Acres of most excellent Land, with all the buildings, consisting of a two story Dwelling-House, large new Barn and Crib, and all other necessary buildings thereon, in complete repair and a well of good water near the House. The Land is walled into convenient lots.

ALSO,—A small Island, that formerly joined the aforementioned Island, containing 11 acres of land—the soil of both is of a superior quality, none better in this or the adjoining states; the whole being good arable land, well adapted for making cheese, raising corn, barley rye and oats, or for keeping sheep, as it is supposed it can feed twelve hundred.—there is peat or tug, for fuel, in plenty, and many hauling places for the various kinds of fish—the pond contains such as Bass, Perch, Elwives, Oysters, Clams and Muscles, easily obtained—Sea manure can also be easily obtained, as it is continually collecting on the shore.

☞ A FARM from Two to Five Thousand Dollars value, with good buildings, wood and orcharding, in this State, or Connecticut, if approved of, will be taken in part payment. A proportion of Cash will be expected, and the residue may remain with the purchaser, on approved security, for many years, paying the interest annually.—For further particulars and terms, apply to
EDWARD HAZARD, or
THOMAS C. HAZARD.
South-Kingstown, Nov. 16.

TO LET,

THAT well-known Stand on Block-Island, called Sands's Landing, together with 27 Acres of the first quality Land; a Dwelling-House well calculated for a Boarding-House and Tavern; a Barn, Crib, and two small buildings; *Also*, A Store 40 by 20 feet, which is well calculated for a Grocery, three store lofts, and the Oil privilege, where from 30 to 50 bbls is make per year.—For terms, &c apply to Capt. *Jonathan Bowen*, in Newport, or to the Subscribers on the premises.
WM. PITT & N. G. SANDS.
New-Shoreham, Dec. 30.

BEEF, &c.

S. & G. BOWEN,
Have for Sale at their Store on Stevens' Wharf.

100 Bbls. No. 1 & 2 Boston BEEF.—30 do. Mess do. Do.
Mess and Prime PORK.
100 Boxes No. 1 & 2 Soap.
Russia and Ravens Duck.
Bar and Bolt Iron; Iron Hoops Anchors, Nails, Naval Stores, Leather, Salt, Codfish, Grindstones, and a general Assortment of
Ship-Chandlery & Groceries.
Newport, Nov. 17.

CARPETINGS &c

HAVE just received from Auctions, in addition to their former Assortment of Fall and Winter Goods:—
600 Yds elegant Floor CARPETINGS, Cheap—360 Yards BOMBAZETTS, from 2s. to 4s6 per yard.

They have on Hand,

A large Assortment of Calicoes, Ginghams and Plaids; Cassimere Shawls; some of the best Russia Diapers ever imported in this Town, per bale or single Piece. Cheap; Rose Blankets; Broadcloths; Cassimeres and Pelisse Cloths; more American Diaper for only 9d per yard; Checks; shambray Ginghams; homespun Flannel, &c.—Steam loom English and American Shirtings and Sheetings; Nankin and Canton Crapes; Italian ditto; Sinchaws and Sarsnetts; Ladies and Gentlemen's worsted Hose, from 1s6 to 7s6 per pair, all colours; dark and light common Vesting; Valencies, elegant new patterns; Leno and Book Muslins; spider net, picket and fancy Muslins; white & coloured Cambrick; a part of a case of Leghorn Bonnets; Straw ditto; with many other articles too numerous to mention.
Newport, Dec. 15.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having been appointed by the Court of Common Pleas for the county of Newport, Assignee of the estate and effects of ROBERT STEVENS jun. an insolvent debtor, requests all those having demands, to present the same within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted, to make payment to him.
WILLIAM S. PATTEN.
Newport, Nov 10.

FOR SALE,

A FARM lying in North-Kingstown two miles from Wickford, containing about 60 Acres, well wooded and watered. The soil is good for grain and grazing, and well fenced into lots of convenient size, with stone wall. It has on it a Dwelling-House, barn and crib in good repair, and a thrifty young orchard of grafted fruit. But few Farms of this size possess equal advantages.—The price will be moderate, and terms easy.—For further particulars, apply to the Subscriber in Wickford.
J. G. CHADSEY.
Wickford, Dec. 21

REMOVAL.

ELIZA CHAMPLIN,
Informs her Friends and the Public

THAT she has taken the House and Shop No. 174 Thames-Street lately occupied by Capt *V. Wightman* dec. where she intends carrying on the BONNET MAKING as usual.—She has on hand STRAW BONNETS of a superior quality.

☞ She can accommodate two or three steady Boarders, on reasonable terms, that can be well recommended.
Newport, Dec. 22.

Atheneum,

Or, Spirit of the English Magazines.

JUST published, The ATHENEUM; *Or, Spirit of the English Magazines*, for Jan. 15, 1822.

☞ Subscriptions for the above interesting Work, are received by the Subscriber, the Agent in Newport.
J. C. SHAW.
Newport, Jan. 19.

HEMP & DUCK.

50 Tons Hemp, first Quality.
100 Bolts heavy DUCK
80 do. half Do.
100 do. Ravens Duck.
100 pieces Bleached & Brown Sheetings.—*For Sale, by*
Robert Robinson jr & Co.
Newport, Sept. 29.

DAVID RODMAN,

No. 136, Thames-Street,
Nearly opposite the Sign of the Golden Eagle.

Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public,

THAT he has recently made such additions to his Assortment of Boots, Shoes and Leather, as renders it very general.—*Also just received*, A supply of drab, olive and other colors of Morocco, of a very superior quality—Philadelphia and New-York Leather, imported Shoe Thread, copper nails at 50 cents, & iron at 25 cents per pound; webbing, binding-skins, Russia sheeting, italian braid ferret, and superior Shoe-Blacking; with almost every article usually called for at a Shoe-Store.

The Boot and Shoe-Making Business attended to as usual, in all its branches,—and particular attention to repairing.

N. B.—A quantity of Walking Shoes, leather Shoetees, and Children's Boots, remarkably low for sale as above.
Newport, 24th of 11th mo 1821.

FOR SALE,

THE FARM late belonging to *Abraham Anthony* deceased, pleasantly situated in Portsmouth, about 6 miles from the State-House, in Newport, containing about 120 Acres of good Land which is well fenced (with stone wall) and watered, and has on it Five Orchards of Fruit Trees, several of them young and thrifty—A well finished two-story Dwelling House almost new; Barn, Crib, Chaise house, &c. in good repair, and a good well of water.—For further particulars and terms, apply to the Subscriber on premises.
PHILIP ANTHONY,
Portsmouth, 27th of 6th mo. 1821.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers having been appointed by the Court of Probate of Portsmouth, the Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the Creditors against the Estate of

ATHERTON WALES,

late of said Portsmouth, deceased, and that Six months longer from the date are allowed to said creditors to bring in and prove their claims;—That they will attend at their respective dwellings during said term, to receive the same.
WILLIAM ANTHONY,
PELEG TALLSON } *Comm'rs.*
All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make payment to
THOMAS POTTER, jun. *Adm'r.*
Portsmouth August 12 1821

State of Rhode-Island. &c.

WASHINGTON SC.—*Clerk's Office Court of Common Pleas Jan. 2. A. D. 1822.*

ON Application this Day made to me by JONATHAN GODFREY of Exeter, in the County of Washington, laborer, Notice is hereby given to the Creditors of the said *Jonathan*, to appear at the Court of Common Pleas to be holden at South-Kingstown, within and for said County, on the first Monday of February next, if they see fit, and on the second day of the Term thereof, to nominate an Assignee or Assignees to receive an assignment of the said *Godfrey's* Estate, agreeably to the provisions of an Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, passed at June Session A. D. 1820.
SAMUEL HELME, *Clerk.*

NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon Court of Probate for the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors against the estate of

THOMAS WHITE,

late of Newport, Mariner, deceased represented insolvent, give notice, that Six Months from the date hereof is hereby allowed the creditors to exhibit their claims and that we will attend for the purpose of receiving the same, at our respective dwellings, at any time during said period.
STEPHEN T. NORTHAM,
SAMUEL WHITEHORNE, } *Commrs.*
All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make payment to
ELIZABETH WHITE, *Executrix.*
Newport, Jan 6 1822.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS *Betsey*, my Wife, has for a long time been guilty of gross misbehaviour, neglect of duty towards me, and other wicked practices during her connection with me.—This is therefore to forbid all persons from trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting.
PARDON SIMMONS.
Little-Compton, Jan. 15, 1822.